

Year
1

Discovering...

Hot & Cold places

Our Planet

Key learning

Know where I live. Describe the weather where I live and find where I live on a map.

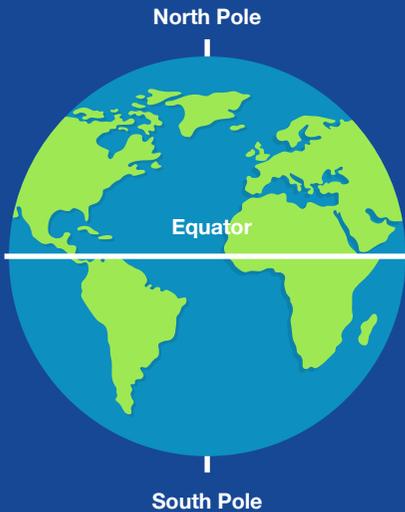
To understand what the equator is and to be able to describe what it's like there.

Describe the weather patterns on the equator.

Understand where the North and South Poles are and their relation to the equator. Describe what it is like there.

Describe the weather patterns at the North and South Pole.

Compare where we live, the Poles and the equator.



This diagram shows the Earth. You can see the equator, North Pole and South Pole.

Key Geographical Information

Ashton is North of the Equator.

In England, we have 4 seasons, Winter, Spring, Summer and Autumn.

We experience lots of different types of weather in England. It is rarely too hot or too cold.

Lots of people live in England and there are lots of human features such as shops, houses, roads and schools.

Few people live in the Sahara desert because it is very hot.

Few people live in the North and South Pole because it is very cold.



The Sahara Desert

Geographical Vocabulary

Human Features – A place or building changed by people.

Physical Features – A natural place, not made or changed by humans.

Desert – is a dry area of land where it doesn't often rain.

Equator – is an imaginary line around the middle of the planet.

North Pole – The most northern point of the globe.

South Pole – The most southern point of the globe.

Arctic – The area of sea and land at the north of the globe.

Antarctic – The area of sea and land at the south of the globe.

Sahara Desert – The largest hot desert in the world.

Northern Hemisphere – The top half of the Earth.

Southern Hemisphere – The bottom half of the Earth.

Sun – The largest star in our solar system.

Glacier – Ice that moves slowly over land.

Ice berg – A large piece of ice that has broken off a glacier.

The Arctic



Ashton Under Lyne